



Written Questions 20-5(2)

Feb 20/19

Written Question

Asked by: Adam Arreak Lightstone

Asked of: Hon. Jeanie Ehaloak

Minister responsible for the Department of Justice

Number:

Date: February 20, 2019

Subject: Recommendations of Domestic Violence Death Review Committee

Purpose: As the Office of the Chief Coroner of Nunavut has indicated, domestic violence is a continuing problem in Nunavut that leads to preventable loss of life. The office of the Coroner of Nunavut in collaboration with the Domestic Violence Review Committee of Ontario reviewed the case of my sister Sula Enuaraq and made recommendations to enhance risk assessment, safety planning and prevention of future deaths related to domestic violence through appropriate interventions by Criminal Justice System, and Healthcare partners.

In the response to my initial written question the Minister indicated “my department is working with the Department of Family Services to specifically address recommendations A-D. Our departments are liaising on a high level on initiatives to meet these recommendations.” I would like to seek additional information on how these recommendations have been carried out since the completion of the report in 2016.

The Office of the Chief Coroner and the Domestic Violence Death Review Committee has made the following recommendations in relation to Department of Justice and the RCMP, in which I would like to seek in detail what initiatives or outcomes of the recommendations.

1. **Public education on safe separation:**

- A. There needs to be broader public awareness, directed at potential victims, about the safe separation from an abusive partner, and the risks in maintaining ongoing relationships that can jeopardize the safety of women and children.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 to enhance public awareness to victims, potential victims, and family members. Please include a timeline of events.

- B. Public awareness campaigns are needed that highlight how to recognize and respond appropriately, when a strained relationship is becoming a potentially lethal one. Important additional risk factors are high stress situations like extreme financial pressure, drugs and alcohol addictions and imminent family breakdown.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 in relation to public awareness campaigns that highlight how to recognize and respond appropriately, when a strained relationship is becoming a potentially lethal one. Please include a timeline of events.

- C. Community agencies in partnership with Government should explore the creation of an easily accessible, non-threatening mechanism for friends and family to get information and consult with a trained individual regarding situations where they have concerns that a woman is at risk from her intimate partner. This resource could provide direction where they are not sure how to intervene and or how to help protect the victim's safety.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 to explore the creation of an easily accessible, non-threatening mechanism for friends and family to get information and consult with a trained individual regarding situations where they have concerns that a woman is at risk from her intimate partner. Please include a timeline of events.

- D. We recommend that Community Justice Workers and Victim Service Specialists should receive specialized training in the dynamics of domestic violence. This training should include recognizing the signs and symptoms of domestic violence and how to effectively respond in the event they suspect a client is being abused. It is important that the training focuses on all aspects of domestic violence including the psychological/emotional/verbal abuse that many victims experience; recognizing high risk cases such as when there is recent or pending separation between couples and Mental Health illness, drugs and alcohol addictions on the part of the perpetrator.

Please specify in detail what initiatives has the Department of Justice implemented since 2016 to provide specialized training in the dynamics of domestic violence. Whether or not the training included recognizing the signs and symptoms of domestic violence and how to effectively respond in the event they suspect a client is being abused. Alternatively, if the training focuses on all aspects of domestic violence including the psychological/emotional/verbal abuse that many victims experience; recognizing high-risk cases such as when there is recent or pending separation between couples and Mental Health illness, drugs and alcohol addictions on the part of the perpetrator. Please include a timeline of events.

- E. We also recommend that cross-cultural and cultural competency training should be a mandatory component of all training programs for front line

workers, such as police, healthcare workers, and family violence specialists/assistance social workers.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 to provide a cross-cultural and cultural competency training component to all training programs for front line workers, including police. Please include a timeline of events.

2. Law Enforcement Services:

- K. We recommend that Police Services should receive ongoing training for police on the most effective response to domestic violence cases especially where there is a history of homicidal and suicidal threats, separation, drugs and alcohol addiction and obsession with the victim.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 to provide ongoing training for police on the most effective response to domestic violence cases especially where there is a history of homicidal and suicidal threats, separation, drugs and alcohol addiction and obsession with the victim. Please include a timeline of events.

- L. We continue to encourage that the Police Service should review various interactions with the victim and perpetrator with a view to ensure that all appropriate policies, procedures and directives were followed in order to learn and improve the systemic ways.

Please specify in detail what initiatives the Department of Justice, and the RCMP, have implemented since 2016 to review various interactions with the victim and perpetrator to ensure that all appropriate policies, procedures and directives were followed in order to learn and improve the systemic ways. Please include a timeline of events.

3. I would like to request what resources and supports are offered to individuals in cases where they have concerns about a family member's safety.

4. Additionally I would like to request what resources and supports are available to victims of domestic violence who may not recognize the dangers posed by the ex-partners to themselves and their children.



OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CORONER
ᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅ ᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅ
HAVAKVIA ATANGUYAATA TUQUNGALIQUIIIT
BUREAU DU CORONER CHIEF CORONER
NUNAVUT
ᐅᐅᐅᐅᐅ

Media release- Recommendations to prevent the domestic violence related deaths

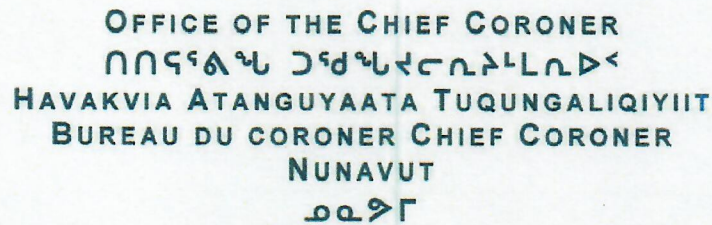
The Office of the Chief Coroner would like to inform the public that domestic violence is a continuing problem in Nunavut that has resulted in, or contributed to, several cases of homicide and suicide.

To assist it in its mandate to review of deaths involving domestic violence, the Chief Coroner requested the Domestic Violence Death Review Committee of the Office of the Chief Coroner for Ontario review a recent Nunavut domestic violence case in order to make recommendations to prevent similar deaths in the future. The Committee identified fifteen (15) risk factors for intimate partner homicide-suicide.

The Domestic Violence Death Review Committee has made the following suggestions and recommendations to enhance risk assessment, safety planning and possible prevention of future deaths related to domestic violence through appropriate interventions by Criminal Justice System and Healthcare partners, including high risk case identification and management.

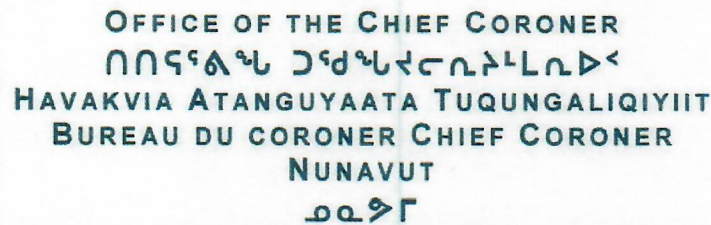
Public Education

- A. There needs to be a broader public awareness, directed at potential victims, about the safe separation from an abusive partner, and the risks in maintaining ongoing relationships that can jeopardize the safety of women and children.
- B. Public awareness campaigns are needed that highlight how to recognize and respond appropriately, when a strained relationship is becoming a potentially lethal one. Important additional risk factors are high stress situations like extreme financial pressure, drugs and alcohol addictions and imminent family break up or separation.
- C. Community agencies in partnership with Government of Nunavut should explore the creation of an easily accessible, non-threatening mechanism for friends and family to get information and consult with a trained individual regarding situations, where they have concerns that a woman is at risk from her intimate partner. This resource could provide direction or assistance to protect the victim's safety.
- D. We recommend that Community Justice Workers and Victim Service Specialists should receive specialized training in the dynamics of domestic violence. This training should include recognizing the signs and symptoms of domestic violence and how to effectively respond in the event they suspect a client is being abused. It is important that the training focuses on all aspects of domestic violence including the psychological/emotional/verbal abuse that many victims experience; recognizing high risk cases such as when there is a



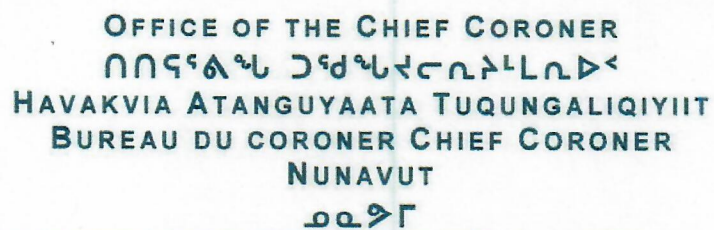
E. We also recommend that cross –cultural and cultural competency training should be a mandatory component of all training programs for front line workers, such as police, Healthcare workers, Family Violence Specialists/Assistant and Social Workers.

- F. It is recommended to provide training opportunities to all Health Care Professionals to ensure that domestic violence risk assessment, safety planning and risk management are mandated part of their training programs and certification process. Safety is a top priority; therefore, it must be ensured that trained at all levels obtained competency in risk assessment and risk management techniques.
- G. It is recommended that continuing education of all medical professionals, include an emphasis on the importance of understanding the dynamics of domestic violence and the risk factors of lethality, so that they can adequately assess and support clients with relationship problems.
- H. Training for all Mental Health Professionals should include assessment and intervention strategies dealing with male depression and the link between depression, suicidal ideation, drugs and alcohol abuse and domestic homicide-suicide.
- I. Healthcare providers should be taught to be aware of the dynamics of domestic violence and the potential for lethality, especially when working with patients who have a history of drug and alcohol abuse, depression, anxiety and suicidal ideation, particularly when there is high conflict in their marriage and a history of separation.
- J. We recommend and support to continue to offer grief counselling services to individuals who are directly or indirectly witness suicides in their families, intergenerational trauma on families with the consequence of high rates of mental health issues, childhood trauma, drugs and alcohol addictions.



Comment: The committee noted in its review that, in the particular case reviewed, the police did not have the opportunity to intervene from the point of domestic violence. The committee offered the following general recommendations for police training.

- ☎ (867) 075 6240 ☎ (867) 075 6267 ☎ (867) 222-0063



☐ (867) 075 6218 ☐ (867) 075 6267 Cell: (867) 222-0063